

FIRST QUANTUM MINERALS

November 2019



FIRST QUANTUM
MINERALS LTD.



CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements and information herein, including all statements that are not historical facts, contain forward-looking statements and forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws. The forward-looking statements include estimates, forecasts and statements as to the Company's expectations of production and sales volumes, and expected timing of completion of project development at Cobre Panama and Enterprise and are subject to the impact of ore grades on future production, the potential of production disruptions (including at Cobre Las Cruces as a result of the land slippage in January 2019), capital expenditure and mine production costs, the outcome of mine permitting, other required permitting, the outcome of legal proceedings which involve the Company, information with respect to the future price of copper, gold, nickel, zinc, pyrite, cobalt, iron and sulphuric acid, estimated mineral reserves and mineral resources, First Quantum's exploration and development program, estimated future expenses, exploration and development capital requirements, the Company's hedging policy, and goals and strategies. Often, but not always, forward-looking statements or information can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate" or "believes" or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved.

With respect to forward-looking statements and information contained herein, the Company has made numerous assumptions including among other things, assumptions about continuing production at all operating facilities, the price of copper, gold, nickel, zinc, pyrite, cobalt, iron and sulphuric acid, anticipated costs and expenditures and the ability to achieve the Company's goals. Forward-looking statements and information by their nature are based on assumptions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements or information. These factors include, but are not limited to, future production volumes and costs, the temporary or permanent closure of uneconomic operations, costs for inputs such as oil, power and sulphur, political stability in Zambia, Peru, Mauritania, Finland, Spain, Turkey, Panama, Argentina and Australia, adverse weather conditions in Zambia, Finland, Spain, Turkey, Mauritania and Panama, labour disruptions, potential social and environmental challenges, power supply, mechanical failures, water supply, procurement and delivery of parts and supplies to the operations, and the production of off-spec material.

See the Company's Annual Information Form for additional information on risks, uncertainties and other factors relating to the forward-looking statements and information. Although the Company has attempted to identify factors that would cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those disclosed in the forward-looking statements or information, there may be other factors that cause actual results, performances, achievements or events not to be anticipated, estimated or intended. Also, many of these factors are beyond First Quantum's control. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements or information. The Company undertakes no obligation to reissue or update forward-looking statements or information as a result of new information or events after the date hereof except as may be required by law. All forward-looking statements and information made herein are qualified by this cautionary statement.

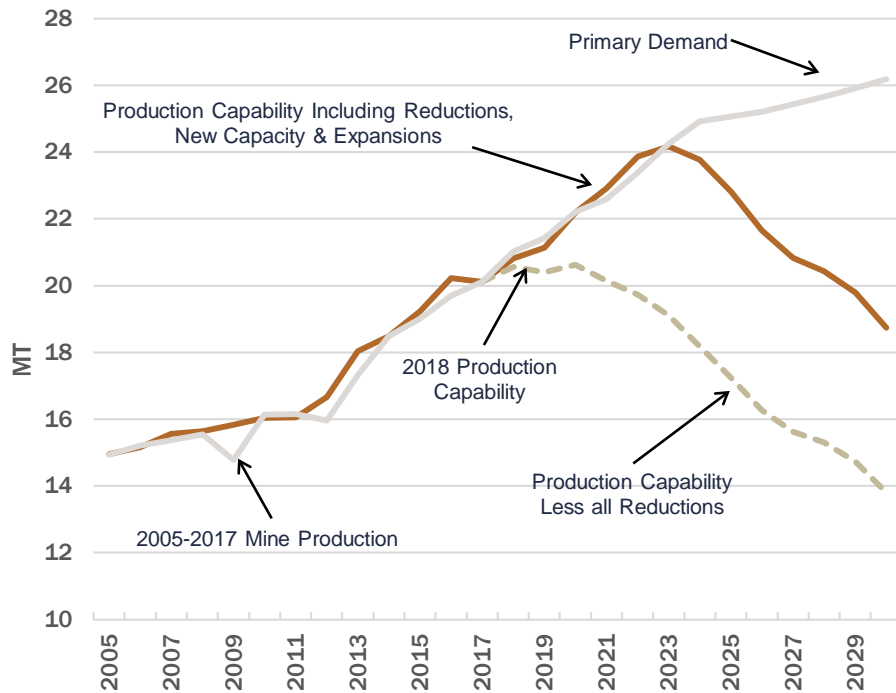
HISTORY OF FIRST QUANTUM



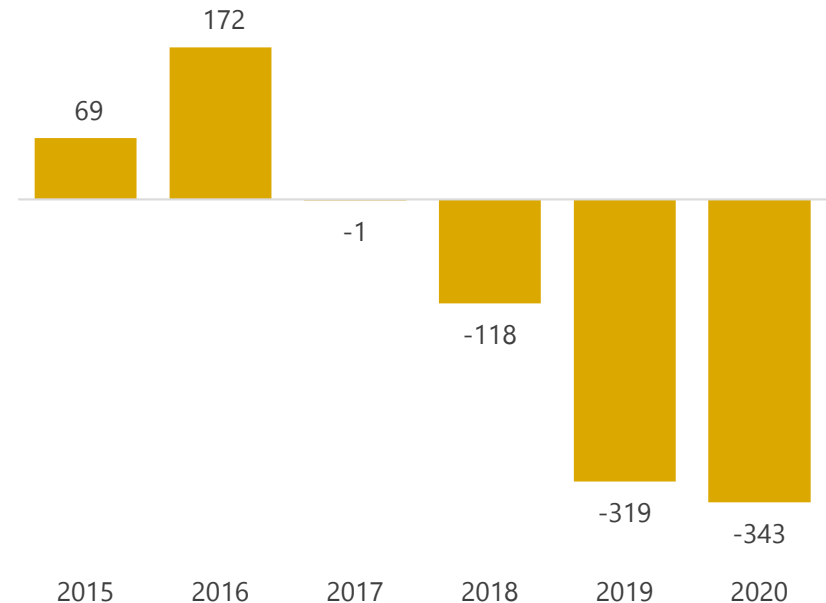
>850,000 tonnes of annual copper production expected once Cobre Panama is fully ramped up.

STRONG LONG-TERM COPPER MARKET FUNDAMENTALS

SUPPLY & DEMAND (Million tonnes)



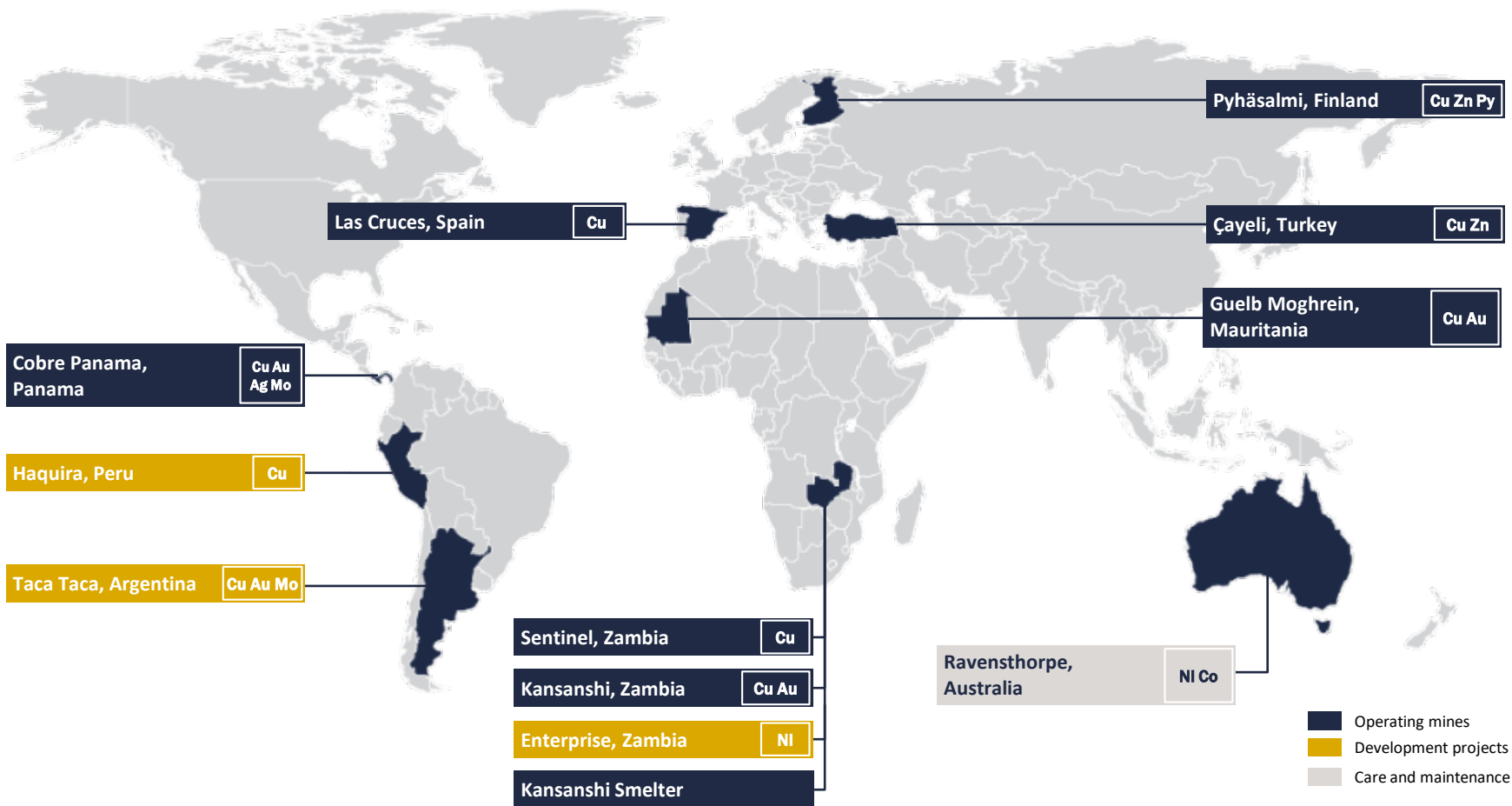
MARKET BALANCE (000's tonnes)



*Source: WoodMac, LTO Q3 2019

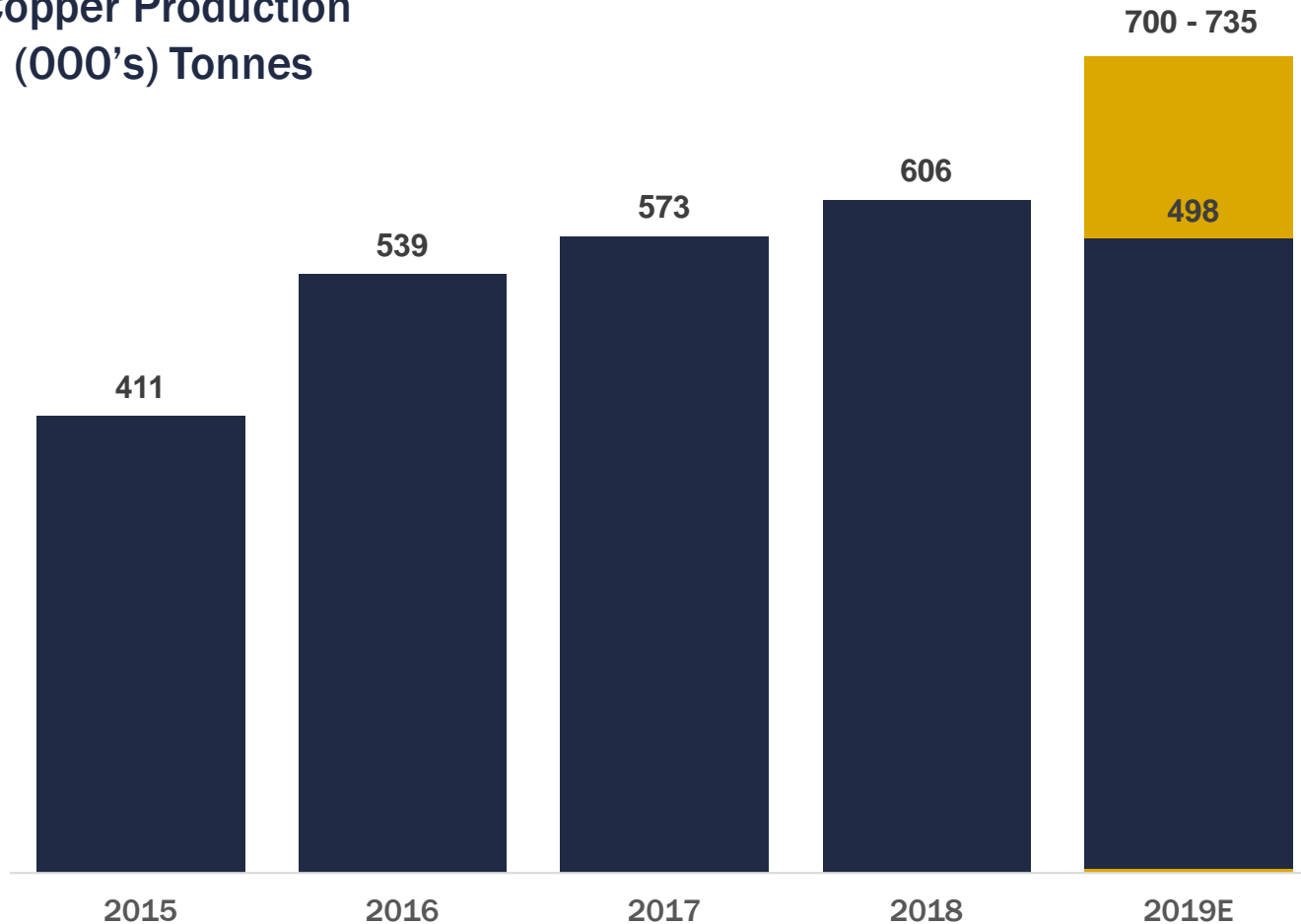
Market fundamentals remain strong for growing copper; supply deficit forecast 2019-2021
 Additional long-term supply require an incentive price of \$3.30/lb in constant 2019 USD by
 2029

HIGH QUALITY COPPER FOCUSSED PORTFOLIO



GROWTH IN PRODUCTION

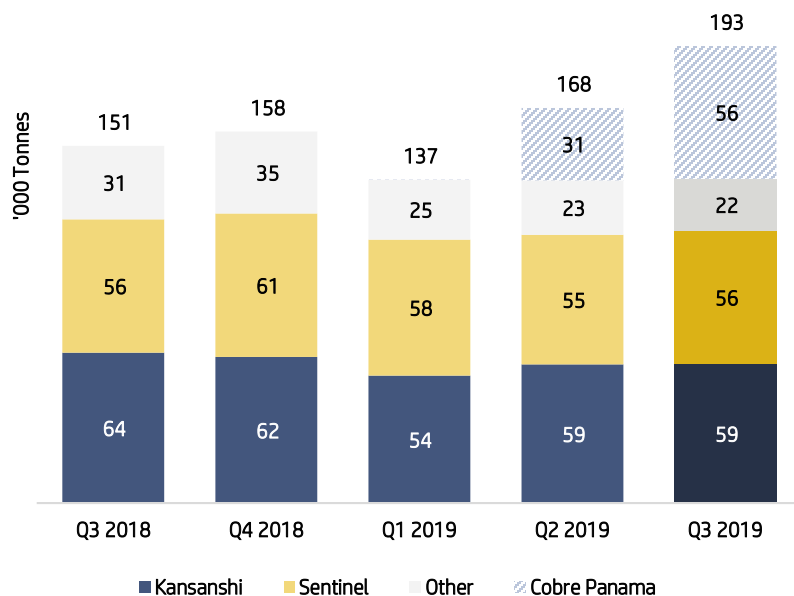
Copper Production (000's) Tonnes



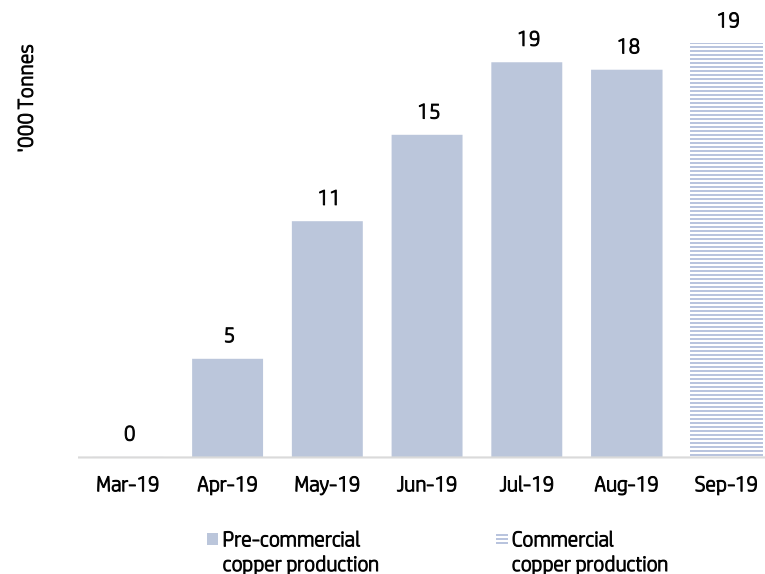
Copper production expected to grow by more than 15% in 2019. Further growth expected in 2020 & 2021

QUARTERLY PRODUCTION^{1,2}

Copper production grew by 27% from Q3 2018



Cobre Panama commercial production declared September 1, 2019



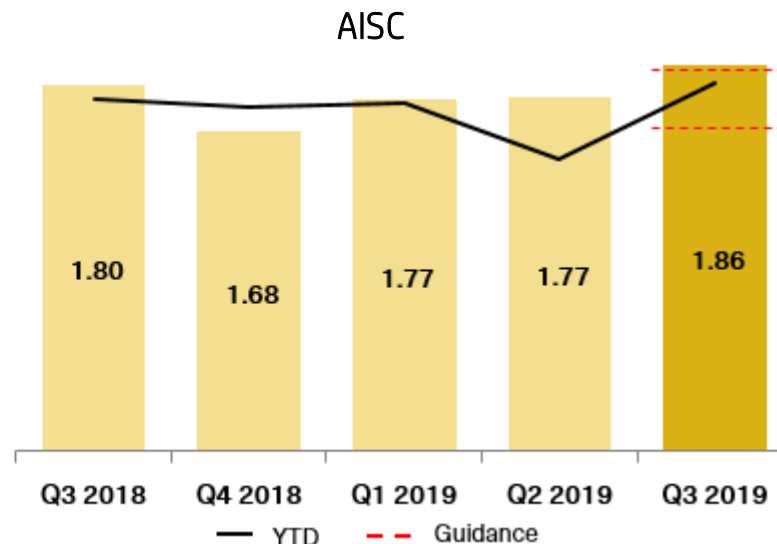
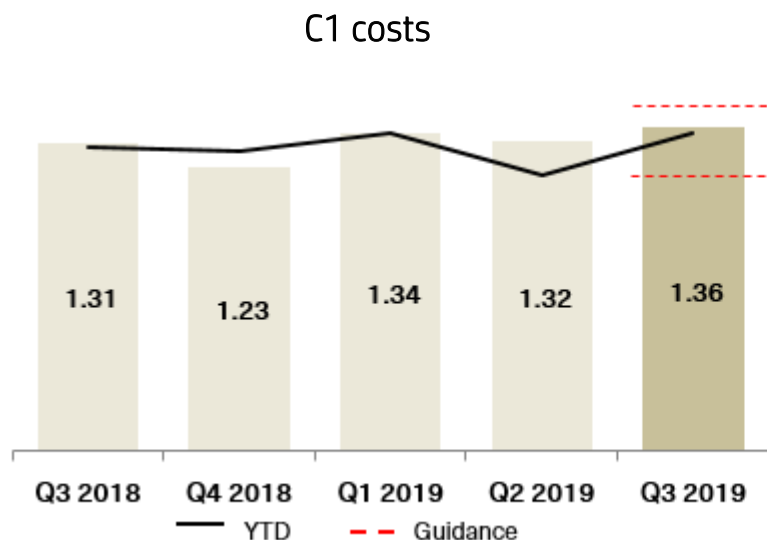
- Quarterly copper production of 193kt, 27% higher than Q3 2018, attributable to Cobre Panama contribution of 56kt.
- Record quarterly gold production of 70koz exceeded Q3 2018 by 56%, reflecting Cobre Panama contribution of 21koz and higher gold produced at Kansanshi following operational enhancements.

¹ Production is presented on a copper contained basis.

² Pre-commercial production sales revenues attributable to Cobre Panama are capitalized and are excluded from revenue and earnings.

QUARTERLY UNIT CASH COSTS

YTD C1 cost¹ and AISC¹ within full year guidance



- Lower production at Las Cruces impacted Group C1 by \$0.04/lb in the quarter.
- The C1 cash cost includes one month commercial production at Cobre Panama at \$1.34/ lb on 19,438 tonnes of copper.

- AISC in the quarter was impacted by timing of sustaining capital expenditure at Kansanshi as well as the impact of the increased Zambian royalty rate.
- AISC includes one month commercial production at Panama of \$1.56/lb.

Q3 2019 FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

Results impacted by lower copper prices and expensing of interest

\$ million (except per share numbers)	Q3 2018	Q2 2019	Q3 2019
Revenue ¹	978	939	987
Gross Profit	246	196	150
Comparative EBITDA ²	427	376	354
Comparative Earnings ²	128	87	32
Comparative Earnings per share \$	0.19	0.13	0.05
Net Debt	(6,116)	(7,304)	(7,579)

- Comparative EBITDA of \$354m reflects an 8% reduction in realized copper prices and lower volumes at Las Cruces and Kansanshi, but benefitted from a \$67m contribution from Cobre Panama and a \$18m hedge gain in the quarter by the corporate copper sales hedge program.
- Comparative earnings per share of \$0.05 is \$0.14 lower than the comparable quarter of 2018, impacted by an interest charge of \$64m that would previously have been capitalized but is now expensed following declaration of commercial production at Cobre Panama effective September 1, 2019. In addition, the higher effective tax rate in the quarter follows Zambian tax changes for non-deductibility of Zambian mineral royalties, effective January 1, 2019.
- Increase in net debt from Q2 2019 reflects the Cobre Panama capital expenditure program.

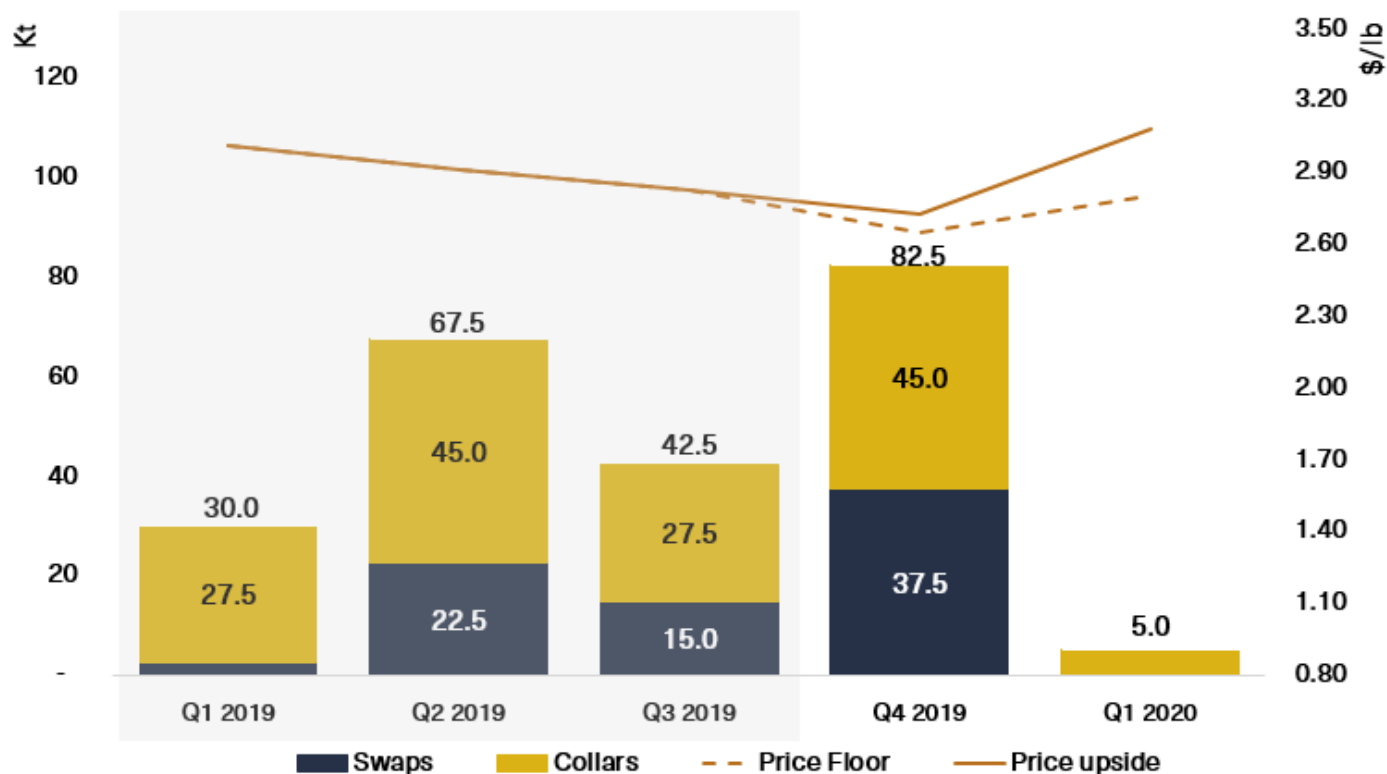
¹ Pre-commercial production sales revenues and operating costs in July and August attributable to Cobre Panama are capitalized and are excluded from revenue and earnings.

² Earnings attributable to shareholders of the Company and EBITDA have been adjusted to exclude items which are not reflective of underlying performance to arrive at comparative earnings and comparative EBITDA. Items excluded from comparative measures in Q3 2019, Q2 2019 and Q3 2018 include foreign exchange gains and losses, gains and losses on disposal of assets and liabilities, revisions in estimates of restoration provisions at closed sites, finance charge on discounting of Zambian VAT, gains and losses on debt instruments, write-off of assets and costs associated with the Las Cruces land slippage, tax and minority interest relating to comparative adjustments. A reconciliation of comparative EBITDA and comparative earnings is provided in the Q3 2019 MD&A.



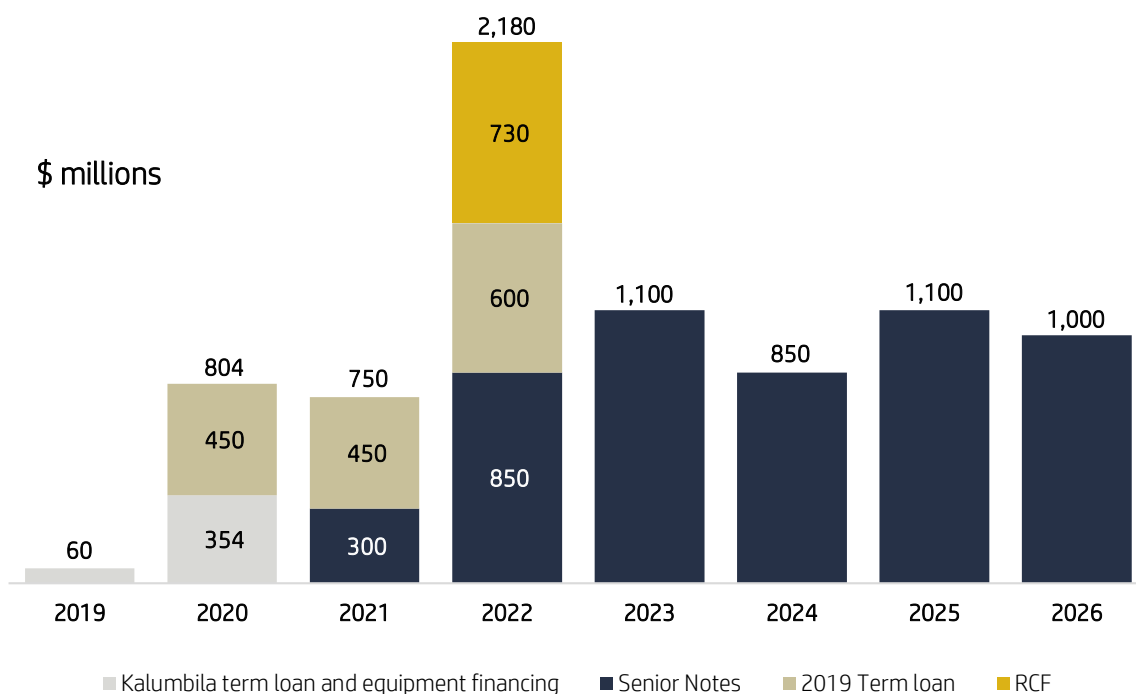
COPPER HEDGING PROGRAM OUTLOOK¹

Average copper hedge floor of \$2.65/lb for remainder of 2019

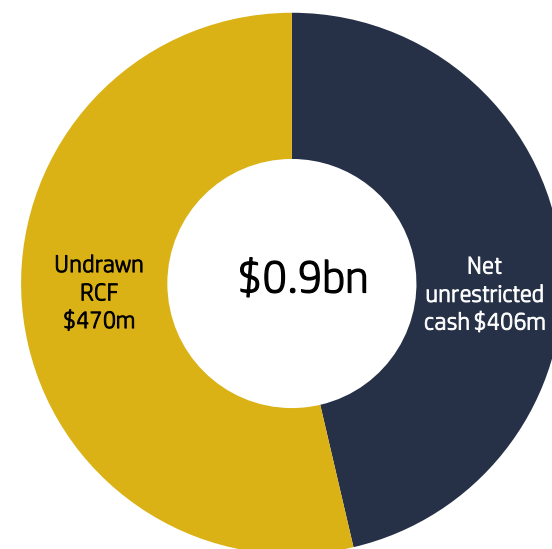


The Company also has unmargined nickel forward sales contracts for 12,046 tonnes at an average price of \$6.77 per lb outstanding with maturities to February 2021.

DEBT AND LIQUIDITY PROFILE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019



Liquidity at September 30, 2019



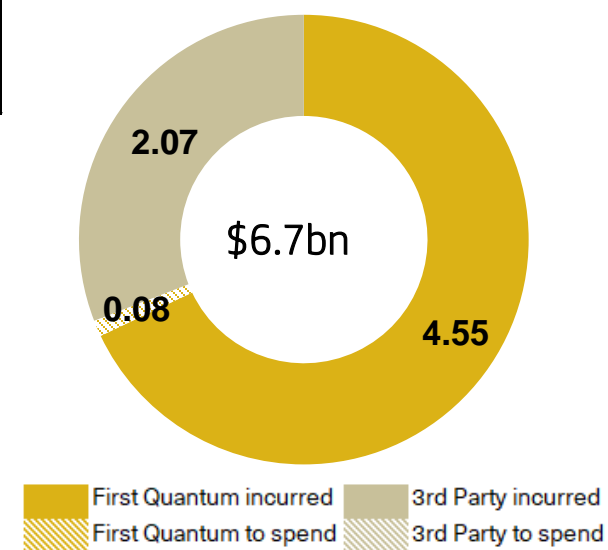
Committed to reducing debt levels with the significant cash flows expected from Cobre Panama

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

\$ million	Capital Expenditure	2019 YTD	2019	2020	2021
		Actual	Guidance	Guidance	Guidance
	<i>Cobre Panama Project</i>	554	630	-	-
	First Quantum share of Cobre Panama Project	519	595	-	-
	Capitalized stripping costs	136	200	250	250
	Sustaining capital and other projects	531	650	600	600
	Total First Quantum net capital spend¹	1,186	1,445	850	850

\$ billion Cobre Panama Project	Total	Funded by	
		First Quantum	3rd Party
Capital spend to December 2018	6.07	4.03	2.04
Capital spend to September 2019	0.55	0.52	0.03
<i>Spend remaining</i>	0.08	0.08	-
Total Cobre Panama	6.70	4.63	2.07

Cobre Panama Funding (\$bn)



Capital spending expected to decline with the completion of construction at Cobre Panama

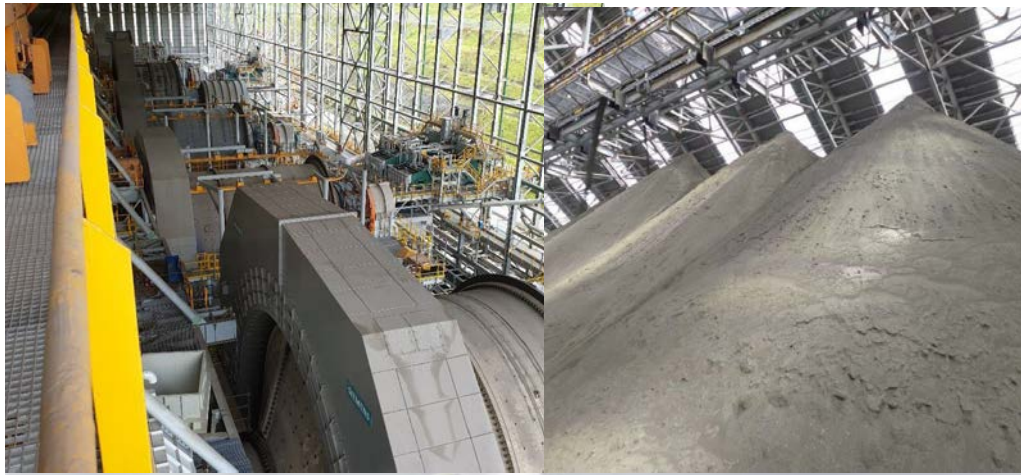
¹Net capital spend presented excludes capitalization of net pre-commercial production costs, revenue and interest.

CORPORATE UPDATE - ZAMBIAN BUDGET

On September 27th the Minister of Finance announced the 2020 Budget. The changes are expected to be effective from January 1st 2020.

Tax type	Change
Sales Tax	Proposal to introduce sales tax dropped
VAT	0% Import VAT on capital equipment and machinery for the mining sector
	No VAT relief for VAT on consumables, spare parts
	VAT relief for VAT on diesel reduced from 90% to 70%
	VAT relief for VAT on electricity reduced from 100% to 80%
Import Duty	10% import duty on specified capital equipment and machinery imported by mining companies replacing rates of 0% and 5%
Income Tax	Tax relief for capital spend (capital allowances) to be spread over 5 years rather than 4.

Detailed guidance on these changes has not yet been issued by the Zambian Revenue Authority and the Company is continuing to assess the expected impact of the proposed changes.



Cobre Panama Provides Continuing Growth



2019 – THE YEAR SO FAR AT COBRE PANAMA

Commercial Production declared September 1, 2019

- All 4 In Pit Primary Crushers operational
- 3 trains with 7 mills fully operational
 - 3 SAG mills & 4 Ball mills
- 8th mill expected to be operational Q4/19
- Achieved peak mill throughput of 220kt/day

- YTD Copper Production: 87kt
 - 19kt commercial production
- YTD Gold Production: 32koz
 - 8koz commercial production

- C1: \$1.34/lb*
- AISC: \$1.56/lb*

* Calculated from September 1, 2019 (Commercial Production)



**Cobre Panama achieves
commercial production
effective September 1, 2019**





Expertise and learning from other projects applied to enable a successful build and ramp-up of Cobre Panama

72 mtpa expected by 2019 year end,
increasing to 85 mtpa with the addition
of an eighth ball mill



Cobre Panama is quickly proving it is a world-class operation - a cornerstone asset for the Company



FUTURE GROWTH: TACA TACA PROJECT, ARGENTINA



**Copper-gold-molybdenum porphyry deposit
acquired in August 2014**

**Located in the Puna region of Salta
Province, Argentina**

Work continues on the project:

- **Environmental impact assessment studies continue**
- **Stakeholder engagement is ongoing**
- **Water supply studies progressing**
 - Includes the development of boreholes for pump testing sustainable groundwater resources.

FUTURE GROWTH: HAQUIRA PROJECT, PERU



Large copper porphyry deposit acquired in December 2010

Located in Apurímac in southern Peru adjacent to Las Bambas

- **Continued focus on community and environmental aspects of the project**
- **Working toward a relocation plan with the communities**

UNIQUELY POSITIONED GLOBAL COPPER PRODUCER

- **Solid financial and operational results**
 - High quality copper focused portfolio
- **Copper Market**
 - Outlook continues to show supply deficit in the next few years
- **Delivering significant growth**
 - Cobre Panama ramping up to full production over next few years



FIRST QUANTUM MINERALS

TSX:FM



info@fqml.com

416-361-6400

1-888-688-6577



FIRST QUANTUM
MINERALS LTD.

2019 GUIDANCE

Unchanged Production Guidance¹ 2019

Total copper production (tonnes) including Cobre Panama ²	700 – 735
Copper (tonnes) – Cobre Panama ²	140 – 175
Copper (tonnes) excluding Cobre Panama	560
Gold (ounces) – excluding Cobre Panama	185
Zinc (tonnes)	12

Unchanged Costs Guidance 2019

C1 (per lb) ³	1.20 – 1.40
AISC (per lb) ³	1.70 – 1.85
Depreciation – excluding Cobre Panama (\$m)	800 – 825
Depreciation – Cobre Panama (\$m)	145 - 165

¹ Production is presented on a copper contained basis.

² Inclusive of pre-commercial production tonnes from Cobre Panama.

³ In Zambia's 2020 National Budget, it was announced that the sales tax previously proposed would not be implemented and would be replaced with an amended VAT system, effective January 1, 2020.



2019 GUIDANCE

Depreciation

Depreciation expense for the nine months was \$585 million, with the 2019 full year depreciation expense, excluding Cobre Panama, expected to range between \$800 million and \$825 million.

Cobre Panama depreciation expense commenced in September 2019 following the declaration of commercial production. The depreciation expense was \$32 million for the month of September and is expected to range between \$145 million to \$165 million for the four months ending December 31, 2019.

Interest

Due to the current level of project capital expenditure, interest has largely been capitalized in the quarter and in previous years. Interest expense of \$146 million and \$549 million was capitalized to the Cobre Panama project for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, respectively. From September 1, 2019, the start of commercial production at Cobre Panama, all interest was expensed to the income statement rather than capitalized. Interest expense for September was \$64 million. The majority of the Company's interest expense is incurred by Canadian entities, where no tax credit is recognized.

Tax

Excluding the impact of the changes to the Zambian mining tax regime, the sales hedge program, comparative finance charges and the impact of interest expense no longer capitalized following declaration of commercial production at Cobre Panama, the effective tax rate for 2019 is expected to be approximately 30%.

Including the impact of the changes to the Zambian mining tax regime, which increased mineral royalties by 1.5% and made them non-deductible for tax purposes, and excluding the impact of interest being expensed following the declaration of commercial production at Cobre Panama, the expected effective rate excluding the sales hedge program and loss on partial redemption of senior notes, is approximately 45%.